

Logarithms — Finding the logarithm

Name: _____

Date: _____

Work out each logarithm.

3 $\log_3 243 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

1 $\log_{10} \frac{1}{100} = \underline{-2}$
 $10^2 = 100$
 $10^{-2} = 1/100$
 $= -2$

2 $\log_2 \frac{1}{4} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4 $\log_2 \frac{1}{32} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5 $\log_2 8192 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6 $\log_6 46656 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7 $\log_4 \frac{1}{256} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8 $\log_5 15625 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9 $\log_2 256 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10 $\log_7 \frac{1}{2401} = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



Logarithms — Finding the number

Name: _____

Date: _____

Find the missing number in each logarithm.

1 $\log_2 4$ _____ = 2
 $2^2 = 4$

2 $\log_7$ _____ = 3

3 $\log_{10}$ _____ = 4

4 $\log_2$ _____ = 14

5 $\log_3$ _____ = 6

6 $\log_2$ _____ = 7

7 $\log_9$ _____ = 2

8 $\log_3$ _____ = 2

9 $\log_7$ _____ = 4

10 $\log_9$ _____ = 5



Log laws — The product law

Name: _____

Date: _____

Write each sum as one logarithm.

1 $\log_5 2 + \log_5 11 = \log_5 \underline{22}$
 $\log_5 m + \log_5 n = \log_5 (m \times n)$
 $2 \times 11 = 22$
 $= \log_5 22$

2 $\log_3 7 + \log_3 11 = \log_3 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3 $\log_{10} 6 + \log_{10} 10 = \log_{10} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4 $\log_3 3 + \log_3 5 = \log_3 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5 $\log_5 2 + \log_5 6 = \log_5 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6 $\log_2 6 + \log_2 11 = \log_2 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7 $\log_2 4 + \log_2 6 = \log_2 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8 $\log_{10} 4 + \log_{10} 5 = \log_{10} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9 $\log_{10} 11 + \log_{10} 11 = \log_{10} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10 $\log_2 5 + \log_2 7 = \log_2 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



Log laws — The quotient law

Name: _____

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Write each difference as one logarithm.

1 $\log_3 21 - \log_3 3 = \log_3 \underline{7}$
 $\log_3 m - \log_3 n = \log_3 (m \div n)$
 $21 \div 3 = 7$
 $= \log_3 7$

2 $\log_5 90 - \log_5 9 = \log_5 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3 $\log_3 36 - \log_3 12 = \log_3 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4 $\log_{10} 22 - \log_{10} 11 = \log_{10} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5 $\log_{10} 64 - \log_{10} 8 = \log_{10} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6 $\log_2 33 - \log_2 3 = \log_2 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7 $\log_{10} 40 - \log_{10} 10 = \log_{10} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8 $\log_{10} 108 - \log_{10} 9 = \log_{10} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9 $\log_5 32 - \log_5 4 = \log_5 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10 $\log_{10} 48 - \log_{10} 4 = \log_{10} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



Log laws — The power law

Name: _____

Date: _____

Write each of these as one logarithm.

1 $4 \log_5 3 = \log_5 \underline{81}$
 $k \log_5 m = \log_5 (m^k)$
 $3^4 = 81$
 $= \log_5 81$

2 $2 \log_3 7 = \log_3 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

3 $2 \log_5 8 = \log_5 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

4 $2 \log_3 12 = \log_3 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

5 $2 \log_3 6 = \log_3 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

6 $2 \log_2 6 = \log_2 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

7 $3 \log_{10} 3 = \log_{10} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

8 $2 \log_3 2 = \log_3 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

9 $2 \log_{10} 2 = \log_{10} \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10 $3 \log_3 2 = \log_3 \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



Power Pack · Logarithms — Answer key

The logarithm

1. $\log_{10} 1/100 = -2$

2. $\log_2 1/4 = -2$

3. $\log_3 243 = 5$

4. $\log_2 1/32 = -5$

5. $\log_2 8192 = 13$

6. $\log_6 46656 = 6$

7. $\log_4 1/256 = -4$

8. $\log_5 15625 = 6$

9. $\log_2 256 = 8$

10. $\log_7 1/2401 = -4$

The number

1. $\log_2 4 = 2$

2. $\log_7 343 = 3$

3. $\log_{10} 10000 = 4$

4. $\log_2 16384 = 14$

5. $\log_3 729 = 6$

6. $\log_2 128 = 7$

7. $\log_9 81 = 2$

8. $\log_3 9 = 2$

9. $\log_7 2401 = 4$

10. $\log_9 59049 = 5$

A sum → a product

1. $\log_5 2 + \log_5 11 = \log_5 22$

2. $\log_3 7 + \log_3 11 = \log_3 77$

3. $\log_{10} 6 + \log_{10} 10 = \log_{10} 60$

4. $\log_3 3 + \log_3 5 = \log_3 15$

5. $\log_5 2 + \log_5 6 = \log_5 12$

6. $\log_2 6 + \log_2 11 = \log_2 66$

7. $\log_2 4 + \log_2 6 = \log_2 24$

8. $\log_{10} 4 + \log_{10} 5 = \log_{10} 20$

9. $\log_{10} 11 + \log_{10} 11 = \log_{10} 121$

10. $\log_2 5 + \log_2 7 = \log_2 35$

A difference → a quotient

1. $\log_3 21 - \log_3 3 = \log_3 7$

2. $\log_5 90 - \log_5 9 = \log_5 10$

3. $\log_3 36 - \log_3 12 = \log_3 3$, and that is 1

4. $\log_{10} 22 - \log_{10} 11 = \log_{10} 2$

5. $\log_{10} 64 - \log_{10} 8 = \log_{10} 8$

6. $\log_2 33 - \log_2 3 = \log_2 11$

7. $\log_{10} 40 - \log_{10} 10 = \log_{10} 4$

8. $\log_{10} 108 - \log_{10} 9 = \log_{10} 12$

9. $\log_5 32 - \log_5 4 = \log_5 8$

10. $\log_{10} 48 - \log_{10} 4 = \log_{10} 12$

A multiple → a power

1. $4 \log_5 3 = \log_5 81$

2. $2 \log_3 7 = \log_3 49$

3. $2 \log_5 8 = \log_5 64$

4. $2 \log_3 12 = \log_3 144$

5. $2 \log_3 6 = \log_3 36$

6. $2 \log_2 6 = \log_2 36$

7. $3 \log_{10} 3 = \log_{10} 27$

8. $2 \log_3 2 = \log_3 4$

9. $2 \log_{10} 2 = \log_{10} 4$

10. $3 \log_3 2 = \log_3 8$

